

In re Patent Application of:  
SOLIE  
Serial No. 10/784,365  
Filed: FEBRUARY 23, 2004

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IN THE CLAIMS:

Claims 1-4 (Cancelled).

5. (Currently Amended) A high bandwidth feed-forward oscillator for generating a sawtooth waveform at a prescribed frequency, said sawtooth waveform undergoing successive excursions between respective ones of a set of peak and valley portions  $V_{peak}$  and  $V_{valley}$ , comprising:

an input port to which a variable input voltage  $V_{in}$  is coupled;

an output port from which said sawtooth waveform is derived;

a network coupled to said input port and being configured to output said peak voltage value  $V_{peak}$  for said sawtooth output voltage in proportion to a difference between said input voltage  $V_{in}$  and said valley voltage  $V_{valley}$ ;

an amplifier having a first input port coupled to said network and a second input port coupled to receive a voltage value corresponding to said valley voltage value  $V_{valley}$  for said sawtooth output voltage;

a current mirror circuit which is coupled to be driven by said ~~first-comparator~~ amplifier and is operative to produce a current  $I$  in proportion to the voltage difference ( $V_{in}-V_{valley}$ );

a capacitor coupled to said output port and being alternately charged and discharged by said current  $I$ ; and

a switching circuit which is operative to supply said current  $I$  to said capacitor and thereby charge said capacitor until the voltage across said capacitor reaches said peak voltage value  $V_{peak}$ , and thereafter sink said current  $I$  from said capacitor and thereby discharge said capacitor until the voltage across said capacitor reaches said valley voltage value  $V_{valley}$ .

6. (Original) The high bandwidth feed-forward oscillator

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according to claim 5, wherein said switching circuit comprises a first comparator having a first input coupled to receive said peak voltage value, and a second input coupled to said output port, a second comparator having a first input coupled to receive said valley voltage value, and a second input coupled to said output port, and a control circuit which is operative to couple said current I to said capacitor and thereby charge said capacitor until the voltage at said output port reaches said peak voltage value  $V_{peak}$ , thereby causing said first comparator to change state, and thereafter sink said current I from said capacitor and thereby discharge said capacitor until the voltage at said output port reaches said voltage value  $V_{valley}$ , thereby causing said second comparator to change state.

7. (Original) The high bandwidth feed-forward oscillator according to claim 6, wherein said switching circuit further comprises a flip-flop having a first input coupled to the output of said first comparator and a second input coupled to the output of said second comparator, and an output coupled to steer a charge/discharge path for said capacitor between respective current source and sinks for said current I.

8. (Original) The high bandwidth feed-forward oscillator according to claim 5, further comprising temperature compensation circuitry for adjusting said current I produced by said current mirror circuit.

9. (Original) The high bandwidth feed-forward oscillator according to claim 8, wherein said temperature compensation circuitry includes a temperature-compensated phase locked loop, which is operative to augment the value of said current I produced by said current mirror circuit and used to source and sink current through said charge/discharge path for said capacitor.

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10. (Currently Amended) A circuit for generating a sawtooth waveform at a prescribed frequency, said sawtooth waveform undergoing successive excursions between respective ones of a set of peak and valley portions  $V_{peak}$  and  $V_{valley}$ , said circuit comprising:

a comparator network which is operative to establish said difference between said set of peak and valley portions in accordance with an input voltage  $V_{in}$ ; and

a control circuit which is operative, in response to a change in said input voltage  $V_{in}$ , to modify the value of said difference between said peak and valley portions and thereby define a new set of respective peak and valley portions  $V_{peak_{NEW}}$  and  $V_{valley_{NEW}}$ , and to immediately cause said sawtooth waveform to transition from said set of respective peak and valley portions  $V_{peak}$  and  $V_{valley}$  to said new set of respective peak and valley portions  $V_{peak_{NEW}}$  and  $V_{valley_{NEW}}$  at said prescribed frequency, without undergoing excursions between peak and valley portions other than said new set of peak and valley portions  $V_{peak_{NEW}}$  and  $V_{valley_{NEW}}$ , respectively; and wherein

said comparator network comprises an input port to which a variable input voltage  $V_{in}$  is coupled, and including a voltage divider network that is operative to output said peak voltage value  $V_{peak}$  for said sawtooth output voltage in proportion to a difference between said input voltage  $V_{in}$  and said valley voltage  $V_{valley}$ , and including an amplifier having a first input port coupled to said voltage divider network and a second input port coupled to receive a voltage value corresponding to said valley voltage value  $V_{valley}$  for said sawtooth output voltage, and a current mirror circuit which is coupled to be driven by said first comparator and is operative to produce a current  $I$  in proportion to the voltage difference ( $V_{in}-V_{valley}$ ); and wherein

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said control circuit includes a capacitor coupled to said output port and being alternately charged and discharged by said current I, and a switching circuit which is operative to supply said current I to said capacitor and thereby charge said capacitor until the voltage across said capacitor reaches said peak voltage value  $V_{peak}$ , and thereafter sink said current I from said capacitor and thereby discharge said capacitor until the voltage across said capacitor reaches said valley voltage value  $V_{valley}$ .

11. (Original) The circuit according to claim 10, wherein said comparator network is operative to establish said difference between said set of peak and valley portions  $V_{peak}$  and  $V_{valley}$  in proportion to the difference between said input voltage  $V_{in}$  and said valley voltage  $V_{valley}$ .

12. (Original) The circuit according to claim 11, wherein said control circuit is operative, in response to said change in said input voltage  $V_{in}$ , to successively charge and discharge a capacitor with a current that is proportional to  $(V_{in_{NEW}} - V_{valley_{NEW}})$ , with the voltage across said capacitor corresponding to said sawtooth waveform.

Claims 13-14 (Cancelled).

15. (Currently Amended) The circuit according to claim ~~14~~10, wherein said switching circuit comprises a first comparator having a first input coupled to receive said peak voltage value, and a second input coupled to said output port, a second comparator having a first input coupled to receive said valley voltage value, and a second input coupled to said output port, and a control circuit which is operative to couple said current I to said capacitor and thereby charge said capacitor until the voltage at said output port reaches said peak voltage value  $V_{peak}$ , thereby

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causing said first comparator to change state, and thereafter sink said current I from said capacitor and thereby discharge said capacitor until the voltage at said output port reaches said voltage value Vvalley, thereby causing said second comparator to change state.

16. (Original) The circuit according to claim 15, wherein said switching circuit further comprises a flip-flop having a first input coupled to the output of said first comparator and a second input coupled to the output of said second comparator, and an output coupled to steer a charge/discharge path for said capacitor between respective current source and sinks for said current I.

17. (Currently Amended) The circuit according to claim ~~14~~10, further comprising temperature compensation circuitry for adjusting said current I produced by said current mirror circuit.

18. (Original) The circuit according to claim 17, wherein said temperature compensation circuitry includes a temperature-compensated phase locked loop, which is operative to augment the value of said current I produced by said current mirror circuit and used to source and sink current through said charge/discharge path for said capacitor.

Claim 19 (Cancelled).

20. (New) A circuit for generating a sawtooth waveform at a prescribed frequency, said sawtooth waveform undergoing successive excursions between respective ones of a set of peak and valley portions Vpeak and Vvalley, said circuit comprising:

a comparator network which is operative to establish said difference between said set of peak and valley portions in

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accordance with an input voltage  $V_{in}$ ; and

a control circuit which is operative, in response to a change in said input voltage  $V_{in}$ , to modify the value of said difference between said peak and valley portions and thereby define a new set of respective peak and valley portions  $V_{peak\_NEW}$  and  $V_{valley\_NEW}$ , and to immediately cause said sawtooth waveform to transition from said set of respective peak and valley portions  $V_{peak}$  and  $V_{valley}$  to said new set of respective peak and valley portions  $V_{peak\_NEW}$  and  $V_{valley\_NEW}$  at said prescribed frequency, without undergoing excursions between peak and valley portions other than said new set of peak and valley portions  $V_{peak\_NEW}$  and  $V_{valley\_NEW}$ , respectively; and wherein

said comparator network comprises an input port to which a variable input voltage  $V_{in}$  is coupled, and including a voltage divider network that is operative to output said peak voltage value  $V_{peak}$  for said sawtooth output voltage in proportion to a difference between said input voltage  $V_{in}$  and said valley voltage  $V_{valley}$ , and including a MOSFET having a gate and drain thereof shorted together and coupled to said voltage divider network coupled to receive a voltage value corresponding to said valley voltage value  $V_{valley}$  for said sawtooth output voltage, and a current mirror circuit which is coupled to be driven by said first comparator and is operative to produce a current  $I$  in proportion to the voltage difference ( $V_{in}-V_{valley}$ ); and wherein

said control circuit includes a capacitor coupled to said output port and being alternately charged and discharged by said current  $I$ , and a switching circuit which is operative to supply said current  $I$  to said capacitor and thereby charge said capacitor until the voltage across said capacitor reaches said peak voltage value  $V_{peak}$ , and thereafter sink said current  $I$  from said capacitor and thereby discharge said capacitor until the voltage across said capacitor reaches said valley voltage value  $V_{valley}$ .